

KOMPLEX SZÁMOK

PRACTICE PROBLEMS ABOUT COMPLEX NUMBERS

- Solve the following equations over the complex numbers
(1)a) $x^2 + 1 = 0$ b) $x^2 = -12$ c) $x^2 + 2x + 2 = 0$ d) $x^2 + 2ix + 1 = 0$
(2)a) $x^6 = 1 + i$ b) $x^4 + 4 = 0$ c) $x^n = -1$ d) $x^{12} = -32 + 32\sqrt{3}i$
- Where are the following sets of numbers on the complex plane?
a) $\{z \mid \operatorname{Re}(z + 1) > \operatorname{Im}(z - 3 - i)\}$ b) $\{z \mid |z - i - 2| \leq 2\}$
c) $\{z \mid \operatorname{Re}(z - 3i) = |z - 2 + i|\}$ d) $\{z \mid 1/z = \bar{z}\}$
e) $\{z \mid \operatorname{Re}(z - 1)/(z + 1) = 0\}$ f) $\{z \mid \operatorname{Im}(z - 1)/(z + 1) = 0\}$
- Find the order of the following numbers:
 $1, -1, -i, 1+i, (1+i)/\sqrt{2}, \cos(\sqrt{2}\pi) + i \sin(\sqrt{2}\pi), \cos 336^\circ + i \sin 33^\circ$
- Show that $\operatorname{Re}(1/z) > 0 \iff \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$.
- Mely komplex számokra igaz, hogy a) $\bar{z} = z^2$; b) $\bar{z} = z^n$?
- Igazold, hogy $\left(\frac{1 + itg\alpha}{1 - itg\alpha}\right)^n = \frac{1 + itgn\alpha}{1 - itgn\alpha}$.
- Mely komplex számokra igaz, hogy $|z| + z = 2 + i$?
- Find the 24th roots of unity and their orders.
- Find the sum, product and the sum of the squares of the n -th roots of unity.
- Multiply the 6-th roots of unity by the 4-th roots of unity. What do we obtain?
- Find the algebraic form of $\sqrt{a + bi}$
- Compute the following powers (hint: first find the trigonometric form): $i^n, \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2}\right)^{2003}, \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2}\right)^{2003}, \left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^{2003}, (\sqrt{3}i + 1)^n, (i + \sqrt{3})^n$
- Let $x + \frac{1}{x} = -1$. Find $x^{65} + \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{65}$
Let $x + \frac{1}{x} = 2 \cos \alpha$. Prove that $x^n + \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^n = 2 \cos n\alpha$
- Let $z \neq 1$ and $|z| = 1$. Prove that there is a unique $t \in \mathbb{R}$ such that $z = (t + i)/(t - i)$.
- Where are the following points on the complex plane: $\{\frac{1}{1-z} : |z| = 1\}$